

Greater than the sum of its parts: MREW, its member teams and regions

Q: Mountain rescue is carried out at the point of need, so how do the regions and Mountain Rescue England and Wales (MREW) fit in?

- Mountain rescue teams are clustered within a number of mountain and moorland areas across England and Wales. Each team has an operational 'patch' — loosely dictated by geography — but teams often work together outside their immediate area.
- Each team is a charity in its own right. Teams make their own decisions about how to operate rescues, what kit to buy and what training to undertake relevant to the nature of terrain and the type of rescues they are likely to be called to. They also raise their own funds.
- **There are 48 mountain rescue teams in total – 37 in England and 11 in Wales.**
- Each region is also an independent charity, set up to enable the exchange of ideas and collaborative training amongst neighbouring teams within that region. There are **9 mountain rescue regions**.
- Mountain Rescue England and Wales is the direct descendant of the Joint Stretcher Committee set up in 1936 to create a mountain rescue stretcher and to support the work of mountain rescue in general. (For more history of mountain rescue, see Fact File 2: History).
- Also a charity, **MREW comprises the 48 mountain rescue teams and 9 regions** and acts as a coordinating body, representing the interests of mountain rescue with the statutory bodies, the Coastguard and at government level.



● MREW also actively raises funds which are used to maintain the organisation and support the central provision of training, key items of rescue equipment, relevant insurance policies, publications and marketing initiatives which benefit all the teams.

- Peak District (PDMRO)
- Peninsula (PenMacra)
- South Wales (SWSARA)
- South West (SWERA)
- Yorkshire Dales (YDRP).

Q: What are the nine mountain rescue regions?

- The nine regions are:
- Lake District (LDSAMRA)
 - Mid Pennine (MPSRO)
 - North East (NESRA)

Q: How do the regions break down into member teams?

- Lake District Search and Mountain Rescue Association (LDSAMRA)** comprises ten mountain rescue teams:
- Cockermouth
 - Coniston
 - Duddon & Furness

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- Kendal
- Keswick
- Kirkby Stephen
- Langdale Ambleside
- Patterdale
- Penrith
- Wasdale.

Mid Pennine Search and Rescue

Organisation (MPSRO) comprises five mountain rescue teams:

- Bolton
- Bowland Pennine
- Calder Valley
- Holme Valley
- Rossendale & Pendle.

North East Search & Rescue Association

(NESRA) comprises five mountain rescue teams:

- Cleveland
- North of Tyne
- Northumberland National Park
- Swaledale
- Teesdale & Weardale.

North Wales Mountain Rescue

Association (NWMRA) comprises six mountain rescue teams:

- Aberdyfi
- Aberglaslyn
- Llanberis
- North East Wales
- Ogwen Valley
- South Snowdonia.

Peak District Mountain Rescue

Organisation (PDMRO) comprises seven mountain rescue teams:

- Buxton
- Derby
- Edale
- Glossop
- Kinder
- Oldham
- Woodhead.

Peninsula Mountain and Cave Rescue

Association (PenMaCra) comprises six mountain rescue teams:

- Cornwall



Lakes dog handler John Leadbetter with Skye © Daryl Garfield.

- Dartmoor Ashburton
- Dartmoor Okehampton
- Dartmoor Plymouth
- Dartmoor Tavistock
- Exmoor.

South Wales Search and Rescue

Association (SWSARA) comprises four mountain rescue teams:

- Brecon
- Central Beacons
- Longtown
- Western Beacons.

South West England Rescue Association

(SWERA) comprises two mountain rescue teams:

- Avon & Somerset
- Severn Area.

Yorkshire Dales Rescue Panel (YDRP)

comprises three mountain rescue teams:

- Cave Rescue Organisation
- Scarborough & Ryedale
- Upper Wharfedale.

Q: How do the search and rescue dogs work with the mountain rescue teams?

● Over and above their regular team training, a number of team members also train as either mountain or trailing search dog handlers (with some undertaking training in both specialties).

The five dog groups within MREW:

- SARDA England
- SARDA Wales
- SARDA South Wales
- Lake District Mountain Rescue Search Dogs
- NSARDA.

● The majority of search dogs are Border collies, although other breeds include the Labrador and German Shepherd Dogs.

● The air scenting search dog is trained to locate human scent on the wind, then follow that scent to its source. Scent is

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carried downwind in a cone shape from the casualty, widening with distance and the dog works up the cone in a zigzag pattern. Dog and handler work within designated search areas and, once having made a 'find', the dog will guide the handler towards that spot by 'indicating' — usually by barking.

- Training to **full search dog** can take as long as two years, as dog teams work through a series of grades and assessments, beginning with the **stock test** which determines whether they are safe to operate around sheep or cattle. Even as a fully-qualified dog, training and assessment continues throughout a dog's working life. Many handlers train successive dogs — often three or four in succession — or two simultaneously, where one is a trailing dog, one air scenting.

- Volunteer **bodies** assist the handlers with their training, by hiding on the hill and waiting to be found and their input is invaluable to the handlers.

- **Trailing dogs** operate differently to air scenting dogs. The handler follows the direction of his or her dog whilst holding onto a long lead attached to the dog's harness. The dog finds and follows the trail of the missing person using a combination of ground and air scent. A **scent article** — such as a hat or glove belonging to the missing person — allows the dog to discriminate that scent from everyone else in the area.

- Trailing is not very practical for mountain searches — air scenting dogs will cover the area much quicker — but a trailing dog can drastically reduce the time spent searching for Alzheimer's patients and suicides and consequently this is a fast-growing resource available to search managers.



Joint training with COMRU, Keswick MRT and Cockermouth MRT © Rob Grange.

Q: Where does cave rescue fit in with mountain rescue?

- The British Cave Rescue Committee (BCRC) works closely with MREW and its member teams frequently train and work with mountain rescue teams at local level.

- CRO, Swaledale, Upper Wharfedale and Cornwall respond to incidents both above and below ground.

- Members of cave rescue teams frequently support their mountain rescue colleagues in multi-team operations and civil contingencies such as flooding events, missing person searches and aircraft or train crashes.

The BCRC teams operating within England and Wales are:

- Cave Rescue Organisation
- Cornwall Search and Rescue Team
- Cumbria Ore Mines Rescue Unit
- Derbyshire CRO
- Devon CRO
- Gloucestershire CRG
- Mendip Cave Rescue
- Midlands CRO
- North Wales CRO
- South East CRO
- South & Mid Wales CRT
- Swaledale MRT
- Upper Wharfedale FRA.

The BCRC member teams which operate outside England and Wales:

- Irish CRO
- Scottish CRO.

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